

**FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S  
FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

**FINANCIAL REPORT**

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

# FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

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# FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

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The directors hereby submit their report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Company is established as a religious organisation for the advancement of Christianity. There has been no significant change in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

### RESULTS

Surplus of income over expenditure

RM

62,181

### RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

### BAD AND DOUBTFUL DEBTS

Before the financial statements of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for impairment losses on receivables and satisfied themselves that there are no known bad debts and that no allowance for impairment losses on receivables is required.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances that would require the writing off of bad debts, or the setting up of allowance for impairment losses on receivables in the financial statements of the Company.

### CURRENT ASSETS

Before the financial statements of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ensure that any current assets, which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business, including their value as shown in the accounting records of the Company, have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements misleading.

# **FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

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## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

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### **VALUATION METHODS**

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which render adherence to the existing methods of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

### **CONTINGENT AND OTHER LIABILITIES**

At the date of this report, there does not exist:-

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent or other liability of the Company has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Company to meet their obligations when they fall due.

### **CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES**

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

### **ITEMS OF AN UNUSUAL NATURE**

The results of the operations of the Company during the financial year were not, in the opinion of the directors, substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors, to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

### **DIRECTORS**

The names of directors of the Company who served during the financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:-

Wong Hong Meng  
Fong Hoong Heng  
Ling In Kin

# **FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

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### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

There were no directors' remuneration paid or payable during the financial year.

### **SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

The significant event during the financial year and subsequent event is disclosed in Note 20 to the financial statements.

## **FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

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#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Crowe Malaysia PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

The details of the auditors' remuneration are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated **02 SEP 2021**



Wong Hong Meng



**Fong Hoong Heng**

**FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

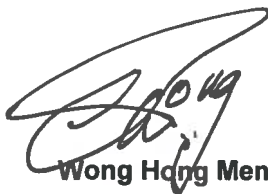
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

**STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016**

We, Wong Hong Meng and Fong Hoong Heng, being two of the directors of Full Gospel Business Men's Fellowship Berhad, state that, in the opinion of the directors, the financial statements set out on pages 10 to 37 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as of 31 December 2020 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year ended on that date.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 02 SEP 2021



Wong Hong Meng



Fong Hoong Heng

**STATUTORY DECLARATION  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016**

I, Fong Hoong Heng, being the director primarily responsible for the financial management of Full Gospel Business Men's Fellowship Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 10 to 37 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the declaration to be true, and by virtue of the Statutory Declarations Act 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovementioned  
Fong Hoong Heng, NRIC Number: 560601-07-5303  
at Kuala Lumpur  
in the Federal Territory  
on this 02 SEP 2021



Fong Hoong Heng

Before me



B-1-2, Blok B, Tingkat 1, Unit 2  
Megan Avenue II  
No 12, Jalan Yap Kwan Seng,  
50450, Kuala Lumpur

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS  
OF FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**  
(Incorporated in Malaysia)  
Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

**REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Full Gospel Business Men's Fellowship Berhad, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the statement of income and expenditure and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 10 to 37.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

*Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities*

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice)* of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS  
OF FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD (CONT'D)**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

**Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Company does not cover the Directors' Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Company, our responsibility is to read the Directors' Report and, in doing so, consider whether the Directors' Report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Directors' Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

**Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS  
OF FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD (CONT'D)**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

**Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Cont'd)**

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:-

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS  
OF FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD (CONT'D)**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

**OTHER MATTERS**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.



**Crowe Malaysia PLT**  
201906000005 (LLP0018817-LCA) & AF 1018  
Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur

**02 SEP 2021**



**Chong Wei-Chnoong**  
03525/08/2022 J  
Chartered Accountant

**FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Note	2020 RM	2019 RM (Restated)
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Equipment	5	857	1,151
Right-of-use asset	6	354,075	363,910
		<u>354,932</u>	<u>365,061</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Other receivables and deposits	7	5,605	28,814
Fixed deposits with a licensed bank	8	620,000	160,000
Cash and bank balances		533,182	450,986
		<u>1,158,787</u>	<u>639,800</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u>1,513,719</u>	<u>1,004,861</u>
<b>ACCUMULATED FUNDS AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>ACCUMULATED FUNDS</b>			
Building fund	9	584,210	584,210
Surplus of income over expenditure		140,999	78,818
<b>ACCUMULATED FUNDS</b>	10	<u>725,209</u>	<u>663,028</u>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Other payables and accruals	11	709,810	280,191
Contract liabilities	12	78,700	61,642
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<u>788,510</u>	<u>341,833</u>
<b>TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS AND LIABILITIES</b>		<u>1,513,719</u>	<u>1,004,861</u>

**FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

**STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE  
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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	Note	2020 RM	2019 RM (Restated)
REVENUE	13	322,612	412,018
COST OF SALES		-	(3,905)
GROSS PROFIT		322,612	408,113
OTHER INCOME		2,114	4,840
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(250,737)	(312,458)
OTHER EXPENSES		(11,808)	(12,909)
SURPLUS OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE	14	62,181	87,586
ACCUMULATED FUNDS BROUGHT FORWARD		663,028	575,442
ACCUMULATED FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		725,209	663,028

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**FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Note	2020 RM	2019 RM (Restated)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Surplus of income over expenditure		62,181	87,586
Adjustments for:-			
Depreciation of equipment		1,973	3,073
Depreciation of right-of-use asset		9,835	9,836
Investment written off		-	1
Sundry deposits written off		-	630
Interest income		(2,114)	(4,840)
Operating surplus before working capital changes		71,875	96,286
Decrease in inventories		-	3,905
Decrease in other receivables and deposits		23,209	11,791
Increase in other payables and accruals		429,619	71,428
Increase/(Decrease) in contract liabilities		17,058	(16,258)
<b>CASH FROM OPERATIONS</b>		<b>541,761</b>	<b>167,152</b>
Income tax refunded		-	1,585
<b>NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>541,761</b>	<b>168,737</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Interest income received		2,114	4,840
Purchase of equipment		(1,679)	(2,269)
<b>NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>435</b>	<b>2,571</b>
<b>NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		<b>542,196</b>	<b>171,308</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR</b>		<b>610,986</b>	<b>439,678</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR</b>	15	<b>1,153,182</b>	<b>610,986</b>

# **FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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### **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

The Company is private limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia. The registered office and principal place of business are as follows:-

Registered office	:	127B, Jalan SS21/37, Damansara Utama, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.
Principal place of business	:	3A-12, Block A, Kelana Square, No. 17, Jalan SS7/26, 47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 2 September 2021.

### **2. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY**

The Company is established as a religious organisation for the advancement of Christianity. There has been no significant change in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

### **3. BASIS OF PREPARATION**

The financial statements of the Company are prepared under the historical cost convention and modified to include other bases of valuation as disclosed in other sections under significant accounting policies, and in compliance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

## **FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD**

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### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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#### **3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)**

- 3.1 During the current financial year, the Company has adopted the following new accounting standard(s) and/or interpretation(s) (including the consequential amendments, if any):-

**MFRSs and/or IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential Amendments)**

Amendments to MFRS 3: Definition of a Business

Amendments to MFRS 4: Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying MFRS 9

Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139 and MFRS 7: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

Amendments to MFRS 101 and MFRS 108: Definition of Material

Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in MFRS Standards

The adoption of the above accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.



## FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

- 3.2 The Company has not applied in advance the following accounting standard(s) and/or interpretation(s) (including the consequential amendments, if any) that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) but are not yet effective for the current financial year:-

<b>MFRSs and/or IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential Amendments)</b>	<b>Effective Date</b>
Amendment to MFRS 16: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions	1 June 2020
Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2	1 January 2021
Amendment to MFRS 16: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021	1 April 2021
Amendments to MFRS 3: Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137: Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 – 2020	1 January 2022
MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendment to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The adoption of the above accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) is expected to have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company upon its initial application.

# FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

##### *Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty*

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year other than as disclosed below:-

##### **(a) Depreciation of Equipment**

The estimates for the residual values, useful lives and related depreciation charges for the equipment is based on commercial factors which could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitors' actions in response to the market conditions. The Company anticipates that the residual values of its equipment and will be insignificant. As a result, residual values are not being taken into consideration for the computation of the depreciable amount. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. The carrying amount of equipment as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

##### **(b) Impairment of Equipment and Right-of-use Asset**

The Company determines whether its equipment and right-of-use asset is impaired by evaluating the extent to which the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount. This evaluation is subject to changes such as market performance, economic and political situation of the country. A variety of methods is used to determine the recoverable amount, such as valuation reports and discounted cash flows. For discounted cash flows, significant judgement is required in the estimation of the present value of future cash flows generated by the assets, which involve uncertainties and are significantly affected by assumptions used and judgements made regarding estimates of future cash flows and discount rates. The carrying amounts of equipment and right-of-use asset as at the reporting date are disclosed in Notes 5 and 6 to the financial statements.

##### **(c) Impairment of Non-Trade Receivables**

The loss allowances for non-trade financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting appropriate inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the past payment trends, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking information. The carrying amount of other receivables as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

# FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

##### *Critical Judgements Made in Applying Accounting Policies*

Management believes that there are no instances of application of critical judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies which will have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### 4.2 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

The financial statements of the Company are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates, which is the functional currency.

The financial statements of the Company are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which is the functional and presentation currency.

#### 4.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Company has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial instruments are classified as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and their definition in MFRS 132. Interest, dividends, gains and losses relating to a financial instrument classified as a liability are reported as an expense or income. Distributions to holders of financial instruments classified as equity are charged directly to equity.

Financial instruments are offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends to settle either on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

A financial instrument is recognised initially at its fair value (other than trade receivables without significant financing component which are measured at transaction price as defined in MFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers at inception). Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument (other than a financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss) are added to/deducted from the fair value on initial recognition, as appropriate. Transaction cost on the financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial instruments recognised in the statement of financial position are disclosed in the individual policy statement associated with each item.

## FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

##### 4.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

###### (a) Financial Assets

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value through (profit or loss, or other comprehensive income), depending on the classification of the financial assets.

###### *Debt Instruments*

###### (i) Amortised Cost

The financial asset is held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When the asset has subsequently become credit-impaired, the interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts), excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the financial asset or a shorter period (where appropriate).

###### (ii) Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

The financial asset is held for both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, where the asset's cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, except for the recognition of impairment, interest income and foreign exchange difference which are recognised directly in profit or loss. Interest income is calculated using the effective interest rate method.

# FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 4.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

##### (a) Financial Assets (Cont'd)

###### *Debt Instruments (Cont'd)*

##### (iii) Fair Value through Profit or Loss

All other financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company reclassifies debt instruments when and only when its business model for managing those assets change.

###### *Equity Instruments*

All equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised in profit or loss except where the Company has elected to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve at initial recognition.

The designation at fair value through other comprehensive income is not permitted if the equity investment is either held for trading or is designated to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise.

Dividend income from this category of financial assets is recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment is established unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the equity investments.

##### (b) Financial Liabilities

##### (i) Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are either held for trading or are designated to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise. The changes in fair value of these financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 4.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

##### (b) Financial Liabilities (Cont'd)

###### (ii) Other Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts), through the expected life of the financial liability or a shorter period (where appropriate).

##### (c) Equity Instruments

Equity instruments classified as equity are measured initially at cost and are not remeasured subsequently.

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised as liabilities when approved for appropriation.

##### (d) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of a debt instrument classified as fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the fair value reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. In contrast, there is no subsequent reclassification of the fair value reserve to profit or loss following the derecognition of an equity investment.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 4.4 EQUIPMENT

All items of equipment are initially measured at cost. Cost includes expenditure that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when the cost is incurred and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of parts that are replaced is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation on equipment is charged to profit or loss (unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset) on the straight-line method to write off the depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation of an asset does not cease when the asset becomes idle or is retired from active use unless the asset is fully depreciated. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:-

Office equipment	50%
Computer and software	50%
Renovation	50%
Furniture and fittings	50%

The depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period to ensure that the amounts, method and periods of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of the property and equipment. Any changes are accounted for as a change in estimate.

When significant parts of an item of equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and equipment.

An item of equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the asset, being the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount, is recognised in profit or loss.

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### **4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

#### **4.5 LEASES**

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at the inception of the contract. The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for low-value assets and short-term leases with 12 months or less. For these leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line method over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use assets and the associated lease liabilities are presented as a separate line item in the statement of financial position.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. Cost includes the initial amount of the corresponding lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred, less any incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The depreciation starts from the commencement date of the lease. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Company or the cost of the right-of-use assets reflects that the Company expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. Otherwise, the Company depreciates the right-of-use asset to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of the right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those equipment.



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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 4.6 CONTRACT ASSET AND CONTRACT LIABILITY

A contract asset is recognised when the Company's right to consideration is conditional on something other than the passage of time. A contract asset is subject to impairment requirements of MFRS 9.

A contract liability is stated at cost and represents the obligation of the Company to transfer goods or services to a customer for which consideration has been received (or the amount is due) from the customers.

#### 4.7 IMPAIRMENT

##### (a) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost.

The expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The Company always recognises lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables and contract assets using the simplified approach. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Company's historical credit loss experience and are adjusted for forward-looking information (including time value of money where appropriate).

For all other financial instruments, the Company recognises lifetime expected credit losses when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

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### **4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

#### **4.7 IMPAIRMENT (CONT'D)**

##### **(a) Impairment of Financial Assets (Cont'd)**

The Company recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

##### **(b) Impairment of Non-financial Assets**

The carrying values of assets, other than those to which MFRS 136 - Impairment of Assets does not apply, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period for impairment when there is an indication that the assets might be impaired. Impairment is measured by comparing the carrying values of the assets with their recoverable amounts. When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss shall be recognised. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value-in-use, which is measured by reference to discounted future cash flows using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

When there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, a subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of an asset is treated as a reversal of the previous impairment loss and is recognised to the extent of the carrying amount of the asset that would have been determined (net of amortisation and depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

#### **4.8 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value with original maturity periods of three months or less.

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 4.9 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

##### (a) Short-term Benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and bonuses are measured on an undiscounted basis and are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Company.

##### (b) Defined Contribution Plans

The Company's contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Company has no further liability in respect of the defined contribution plans.

#### 4.10 INCOME TAXES

##### (a) Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are the expected amount of income tax recoverable or payable to the tax authorities.

Current taxes are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity).

##### (b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method for all temporary differences other than those that arise from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 4.10 INCOME TAXES (CONT'D)

Current and deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transactions either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities or deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity (or on different tax entities but they intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis) and the same taxation authority.

#### 4.11 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. The measurement assumes that the transaction takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market. For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For financial reporting purposes, the fair value measurements are analysed into level 1 to level 3 as follows:-

Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical asset or liability that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: Inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The transfer of fair value between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

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### **4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

#### **4.12 REVENUE FROM CONTRACT WITH CUSTOMERS**

Revenue from contracts with customers is measured based on consideration specified in a contract with a customer in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer net of sales and service tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The Company recognises revenue when (or as) it transfers control over a product or service to customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset. Depending on the substance of the contract, revenue is recognised when the performance obligation is satisfied, which may be at a point in time or over time.

##### **(a) Donations**

Donations are accounted for on a receipt basis.

##### **(b) Membership fees**

Revenue from membership fee is recognised over the membership period.

##### **(c) Sale of Goods**

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the Company has transferred control of the goods to the customer, being when the goods have been delivered to the customer and upon its acceptance. Following delivery, the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods.

##### **(d) Chapter dues**

Revenue from chapter dues are accounted for on a receipt basis.

#### **4.13 REVENUE FROM OTHER SOURCES AND OTHER OPERATING INCOME**

##### **(a) Interest Income**

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

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	At 1.1.2020 RM	Addition RM	Depreciation Charges RM	At 31.12.2020 RM
<b>2020</b>				
<i>Carrying Amount</i>				
Office equipment	1,141	1,679	(1,973)	847
Computer and software	6	-	-	6
Renovation	1	-	-	1
Furniture and fittings	3	-	-	3
	<b>1,151</b>	<b>1,679</b>	<b>(1,973)</b>	<b>857</b>

	At 1.1.2019 RM	Addition RM	Depreciation Charges RM	At 31.12.2019 RM
<b>2019</b>				
<i>Carrying Amount</i>				
Office equipment	1,945	2,269	(3,073)	1,141
Computer and software	6	-	-	6
Renovation	1	-	-	1
Furniture and fittings	3	-	-	3
	<b>1,955</b>	<b>2,269</b>	<b>(3,073)</b>	<b>1,151</b>

	At Cost RM	Accumulated Depreciation RM	Carrying Amount RM
<b>2020</b>			
Office equipment	48,532	(47,685)	847
Computer and software	10,026	(10,020)	6
Renovation	79,011	(79,010)	1
Furniture and fittings	30,186	(30,183)	3
	<b>167,755</b>	<b>(166,898)</b>	<b>857</b>
<b>2019</b>			
Office equipment	46,853	(45,712)	1,141
Computer and software	10,026	(10,020)	6
Renovation	79,011	(79,010)	1
Furniture and fittings	30,186	(30,183)	3
	<b>166,076</b>	<b>(164,925)</b>	<b>1,151</b>

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### 6. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET

	At 1.1.2020 RM	Depreciation Charges RM	At 31.12.2020 RM
<b>2020</b>			
<i>Carrying Amount</i>			
Leasehold building	363,910	(9,835)	354,075
	At 1.1.2019 RM	Depreciation Charges RM	At 31.12.2019 RM
<b>2019</b>			
<i>Carrying Amount</i>			
Leasehold building	373,746	(9,836)	363,910

The Company leases a piece of leasehold building of which the leasing activities are summarised below:-

Leasehold building      The Company entered into a non-cancellable operating lease agreement for the use of a building. The lease is for a period of 99 years. The lease do not allow the Company to assign, transfer or sublease or create any charge, lien or trust in respect of or dispose of the whole of any part of the building.

### 7. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND DEPOSITS

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Other receivables	-	23,209
Deposits	5,605	5,605
	<u>5,605</u>	<u>28,814</u>

### 8. FIXED DEPOSITS WITH A LICENSED BANK

The fixed deposits with a licensed bank of the Company at the end of the reporting period bore effective interest rate of 1.50% (2019 - 2.95%) per annum. The fixed deposits have maturity periods of 30 days (2019 - 30 days).

### 9. BUILDING FUND

The building fund represents contributions collected from members of the Fellowship to finance the purchase of an office unit for the National Office. The building fund is not distributable to the members of the Company in any form.

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### 10. TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS

The accumulated funds are prohibited from distribution in any form by the Memorandum and Articles of the Company.

### 11. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2020 RM	2019 RM (Restated)
Other payables	706,810	287,191
Accruals	3,000	3,000
	<u>709,810</u>	<u>290,191</u>

Other payables represent amounts contributed by members for designated projects, events, and ministries.

### 12. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Contract liabilities relating to donation received from members	<u>78,700</u>	<u>61,642</u>

Contract liabilities primarily relate to advance considerations received from few members of which the revenue will be recognised over the remaining contract term of the specific contract it relates to, ranging within 1 to 3 months.

### 13. REVENUE

	2020 RM	2019 RM
<u>Revenue recognised over time</u>		
Membership fee	89,900	107,407
<u>Revenue recognised at a point of time</u>		
Donation	213,627	268,664
Sales of goods	185	17,887
Chapter dues	18,900	18,060
	<u>322,612</u>	<u>412,018</u>



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### 14. SURPLUS OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Surplus of income over expenditure is arrived at after charging/(crediting):-		
Audit fee	3,000	3,000
Depreciation of equipment	1,973	3,073
Depreciation of right-of-use asset	9,835	9,836
Investment written off	-	1
Sundry deposits written off	-	630
Employee benefit expenses:		
- salaries, allowances and bonus	126,783	124,600
- defined contribution plan	15,728	15,715
- other benefits	1,512	1,801
Interest income	(2,114)	(4,840)

### 15. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:-

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Fixed deposits with a licensed bank	620,000	160,000
Cash and bank balances	533,182	450,986
	<u>1,153,182</u>	<u>610,986</u>

### 16. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Company is exempted from tax on its income under Paragraph 13 of Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967.

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### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's activities are exposed to a variety of market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

#### 17.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Company's policies in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are as follows:-

##### (a) Market Risk

###### (i) Foreign Currency Risk

The Company does not have any transactions or balances denominated in foreign currencies and hence, is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

###### (ii) Interest Rate Risk

The Company's fixed deposits with a licensed bank is carried at amortised cost. Therefore, it is not subject to interest rate risk as defined in MFRS 7 since neither its carrying amount nor its future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

The Company does not have any interest-bearing borrowings and hence, is not exposed to interest rate risk.

###### (iii) Equity Price Risk

The Company does not have any quoted investments and hence, is not exposed to equity price risk.

##### (b) Credit Risk

The Company does not have any significant exposure to credit risk or the risk of counterparties defaulting at the end of reporting period. For financial assets (including cash and bank balances), the Company minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

###### (i) Credit Risk Concentration Profile

The Company does not have any major concentration of credit risk related to any individual customer or counterparty.

###### (ii) Exposure to Credit Risk

At the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position of the Company after deducting any allowance for impairment losses (where applicable).

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### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### 17.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

##### (b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

##### (iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether any of the financial assets at amortised cost are credit impaired.

The gross carrying amounts of financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery (i.e the debtor does not have assets or sources of income to generate sufficient cash flows to repay the debt) despite the fact that they are still subject to enforcement activities.

##### *Other Receivables*

The Company applies the 3-stage general approach to measuring expected credit losses for its other receivables. Under this approach, the Company assesses whether there is a significant increase in credit risk on the receivables by comparing their risk of default as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition based on available reasonable and supportable forward-looking information. Regardless of the assessment, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a receivable is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment.

The Company considers a receivable is credit impaired when the receivable is in significant financial difficulty, for instances, the receivable is in breach of financial covenants or insolvent. Receivables that are credit impaired are assessed individually while other receivables are assessed on a collective basis.

Based on the assessment performed, the identified impairment loss was immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

##### *Fixed deposits with a Licensed Bank, Cash and Bank Balances*

The Company considers the bank has low credit risk. In addition, some of the bank balances are insured by Government agencies. Therefore, the Company is of the view that the loss allowance is immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

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### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### 17.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

##### (c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises mainly from general funding and business activities. The Company practises prudent risk management by maintaining sufficient cash balances to meet its working capital requirements.

##### *Maturity Analysis*

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payment computed based on the rate at the end of the reporting period):-

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate %	Carrying Amount RM	Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows RM	Within 1 Year RM
<b>2020</b>				
Other payables and accruals	-	709,810	709,810	709,810
<b>2019 (Restated)</b>				
Other payables and accruals	-	280,191	280,191	280,191

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### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### 17.2 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital by maintaining an optimal capital structure so as to support its businesses. To achieve this objective, the Company may make adjustments to the capital structure in view of changes in economic conditions, such as adjusting returning of capital to members.

The Company manages its capital based on debt-to-equity ratio. As the Company has no borrowings, the debt-to-equity ratio may not provide a meaningful indicator of the risk of borrowings.

#### 17.3 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2020 RM	2019 RM (Restated)
<b>Financial Assets</b>		
<u>Amortised Cost</u>		
Fixed deposits with a licensed bank	620,000	160,000
Cash and bank balances	533,182	450,986
	<u>1,153,182</u>	<u>610,986</u>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>		
<u>Amortised Cost</u>		
Other payables and accruals	709,810	280,191
	<u>709,810</u>	<u>280,191</u>

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### 17.4 (GAINS) OR LOSSES ARISING FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS

	2020 RM	2019 RM
<b>Financial Assets</b>		
<u>Mandatorily at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss</u>		
Net losses recognised in profit or loss	-	1
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<u>Amortised Cost</u>		
Net gains recognised in profit or loss	(2,114)	(4,840)
	<hr/>	<hr/>

### 18. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS

The prior year adjustments represent the following:

#### (a) For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2019

##### (i) Statement of Financial Position

The financial statements for prior year have been restated to adjust for the overstatement of other payables and accruals amounting to RM10,000.

##### (ii) Statement of Income and Expenditure

The financial statements for prior year have been restated to adjust for the overstatement of administrative expenses amounting to RM10,000.

As a result, the prior year adjustments were made retrospectively to the financial statements of the previous financial year as disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements.

# FULL GOSPEL BUSINESS MEN'S FELLOWSHIP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 198601001661 (150803 - A)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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### 19. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

For the financial year ended 31 December 2019

The following comparative figures have been adjusted and restated to conform with the presentation of the current financial year and to reflect the impacts due to the prior year adjustments as disclosed in Note 18 to the financial statements:

	As Previously Reported RM	Effects of Prior Year Adjustments RM	As Restated RM
Statement of Financial Position (Extract):			
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Other payables and accruals	290,191	(10,000)	280,191
Statement of Income and Expenditure (Extract):			
Administrative expenses	(322,458)	10,000	(312,458)

### 20. SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak as a global pandemic. Following the declaration, the Government of Malaysia had on 18 March 2020 imposed the Movement Control Order ("MCO") and subsequently entered into various phases of the MCO to curb the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic in Malaysia.

The management has assessed the impact on the Company and of the opinion that there were no material financial impacts arising from the pandemic. Nevertheless, the Company has taken and will continue to take necessary steps to safeguard and preserve its financial condition, emphasising on liquidity management to meet its continuing financial commitments and liquidity needs.

Subsequent to the reporting date, the numbers of new COVID-19 cases increased substantially in Malaysia and markets in which the Company operates. There are no significant financial impacts arising from measures taken by the government and private sectors in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and the COVID state of emergency declared.

Given the dynamic nature of the COVID-19 pandemic, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of its impacts on the Company's financial position, operating results and cash flows at the date on which these financial statements are authorised for issue.